

Any Student who is found responsible for this violation may receive a monetary fine and/or fee applied to their Student account.

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Open containers of alcohol are not allowed in any area of campus unless otherwise designated. Alcohol is not permitted to be removed from areas designated for alcohol consumption in public areas. Specific to residential living, no person is allowed to have open or unopened containers of alcohol in a common area (including but not limited to, hallways, lounges, kitchens, bathrooms, elevators, or game rooms) or in outdoor public areas. No alcohol is permitted on a balcony/patio at any time. Any Student who is found responsible for this violation may receive a monetary fine and/or fee applied to their Student account.

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Buying alcohol for or providing alcohol to anyone under the age of 21. This includes, but is not limited to, providing alcohol at a party where underage Students are drinking. Any Student who is found responsible for this violation may receive a monetary fine and/or fee applied to their Student account.

7.

Intentionally committing physical harm against any person.

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- a. Complicity with or failure of any Student to take action to prevent or appropriately address known or obvious violations of any University Policy or the University Community Standards. An example of this could be a Student at the university who sees the destruction of property being committed by another individual, and then also joins in to destroy the property.
- b. Complicity with or failure of any organized group or Student Organization to take action to prevent or appropriately address known or obvious violations of any University Policy or the University Community Standards.

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when requested to do so. An example of this would be a university giving instruction for Students to not be in common areas after a certain time, but a Student does not comply with the order.

b Failure to comply with a University sanction or outcomes assigned by a University appointed hearing officer. This charge will be assigned when a Student does not complete, per instructions, any required sanction(s) issued in the outcome of a hearing. Any Student who is found responsible for this violation may receive a monetary fine/or fee applied to their Student account.

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Failure to evacuate a University-owned or controlled building during an emergency or when advised to do so by a University official.

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Using, possessing or providing a driver's license or other identification with information inconsistent with information maintained by the University for the purpose of purchasing goods or services.

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Includes a crime of violence, whether a felony or misdemeanor under the Missouri Revised Statutes, that is committed by:

1. a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
2. a person with whom the Complainant shares a child in common;
3. a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the Complainant as a spouse or intimate partner;
4. a person similarly situated to a spouse of the Complainant under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred;
5. any other person against an adult or youth Complainant who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

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Any harassment, threats, intimidation, or coercion, or attempts thereof that would discourage any person from reporting a violation of University Policy, the Community Standards, or from participating in an investigation or hearing process. This may include any conduct that includes harassment, threats, intimidation, or coercion, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated, or refused to participate in any manner in the Title IX Grievance Process.

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- a. Intentionally or recklessly starting a fire.
- b. Misusing fire safety equipment or elevators.
- c. Intentionally or recklessly endangering the welfare of any individual.
- d. Intentionally or recklessly obstructing fire, police, or emergency services.

- e Using possessing or storing dangerous chemicals, fireworks, or explosives on University property, or illegally possessing dangerous chemicals, fireworks, or explosives on an off campus property.
- f Utilizing any instrument in a manner that endangers or tends to endanger any person
- g Obstructing the free flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic on or adjacent to University premises or at University events
- h Failing to comply with the reasonable and lawful directions of University officials and University police
- i Failure to evacuate a building in an emergency or when directed to do so by a University Official.

27.

Sexual Harassment occurs when conduct satisfies one or more of the following

- a Quid Pro Quo: Sexual Harassment occurs when an employee of Saint Louis University provides an educational benefit or service in exchange for unwelcome sexual conduct;
- b Hostile Environment: Sexual Harassment occurs when there is conduct on the basis of sex that is unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectionably offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the school's education program or activity;
- c Clery Act: Sexual Harassment occurs when there is an instance of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, or gender-based stalking as defined by the Clery Act (see below for further definitions).

Sexual Harassment also includes harassment based on gender, gender identity, gender expression or sexual orientation, which may include acts of verbal, nonverbal, or physical aggression, intimidation, or hostility based on sex/gender or sex/gender-stereotyping even if the acts do not involve conduct of a sexual nature

Conduct reported as sexual or gender-based harassment will be evaluated by considering the totality of the particular circumstances, including the nature, frequency, intensity, location, context, and duration of the conduct at issue.

Sexual Harassment:

- May be committed by or against anyone, regardless of sex, gender, sexual orientation, gender expression/gender identity;
- May occur between people of the same sex or different sexes;
- Does not have to be “directed at” a specific person or persons to constitute harassment;
- May include both intentional conduct and conduct that results in negative effects, even if those negative effects were unintended;
- Often includes a power differential between the parties based on differences in age or educational, employment, or social status;
- May be committed by a stranger, an acquaintance, or someone with whom the Reporting Party has a current or previous relationship, including a romantic or sexual relationship;
- May occur in the classroom, in the workplace, in on campus residential settings, or in any other setting related to an education program or activity; and
- May be committed in the presence of others, when the parties are alone together, or through remote communications, including email, text messages, or social media

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a The following applies to cases under the University’s Title IX Sexual Harassment Policy. Engaging in rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape. These offenses include instances where the Complainant or Reporting Party is incapable of giving effective consent.

Sexual Intercourse is

- Vaginal penetration, however slight, by a penis, object, tongue or finger;
- Anal penetration, however slight, by a penis, object, tongue, or finger; or
- Oral copulation (mouth to genital or anal contact or genital or anal to mouth contact).

1.

Non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage taken by an individual of another for their own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advantage anyone other than the person being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute any other form of Prohibited Conduct. Examples of Sexual Exploitation include, but are not limited to:

- Invasion of sexual privacy, including observing or allowing another individual to observe another's nudity or sexual activity without the Effective Consent of all individuals involved;
- Prostituting another person;
- Non-consensual video or audio-taping of sexual activity;
- Engaging in voyeurism;
- Knowingly exposing other individuals to a sexually transmitted infection or virus without that individuals' knowledge of the exposure;
- Exposing or inducing another to expose their genitals without consent; or
- Inducing incapacitation for the purpose of making another person vulnerable to non-consensual sexual activity.

A. Gender Based Stalking Engaging in a course of conduct or repeatedly

h Any violation of the University's Appropriate Use Policy, Student Handbook, Section 1.3

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Violation of any University Policy, rule, or regulation published in hard copy or available electronically on the University website. This includes, but is not limited to, the violation of University and Housing and Residence Life Policies

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Possessing use or keeping of a firearm, weapon, explosive or incendiary device, dangerous chemicals, and toy gun on campus (including residence halls/university owned apartment buildings, and/or University-owned/managed housing or at a University Activity or using any such item in a manner that harms, threatens, or causes fear to others. Weapons, under this Community Standards charge, refers to any instrument outlined in the University Weapons Policy. All Students residing within University Housing are prohibited from keeping these items in university housing (see University Weapons Policy).